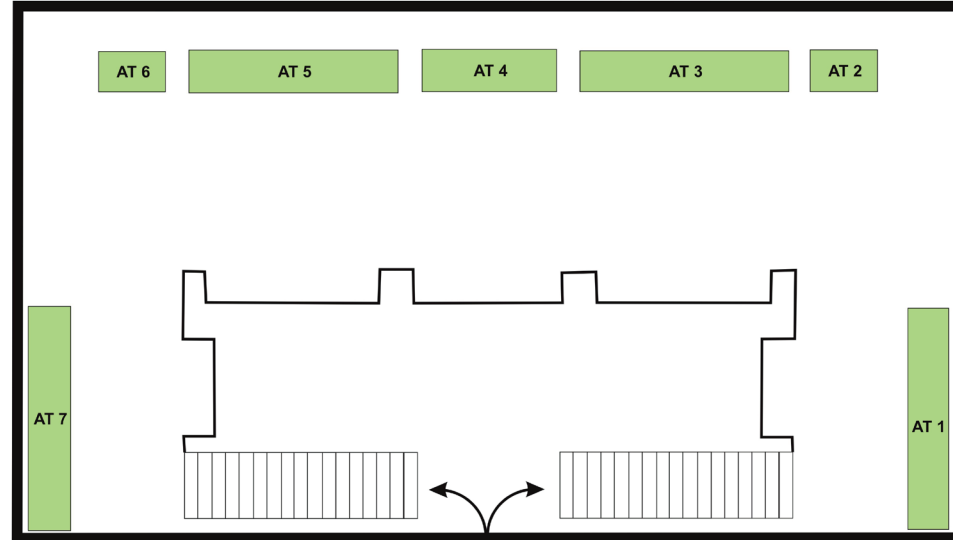
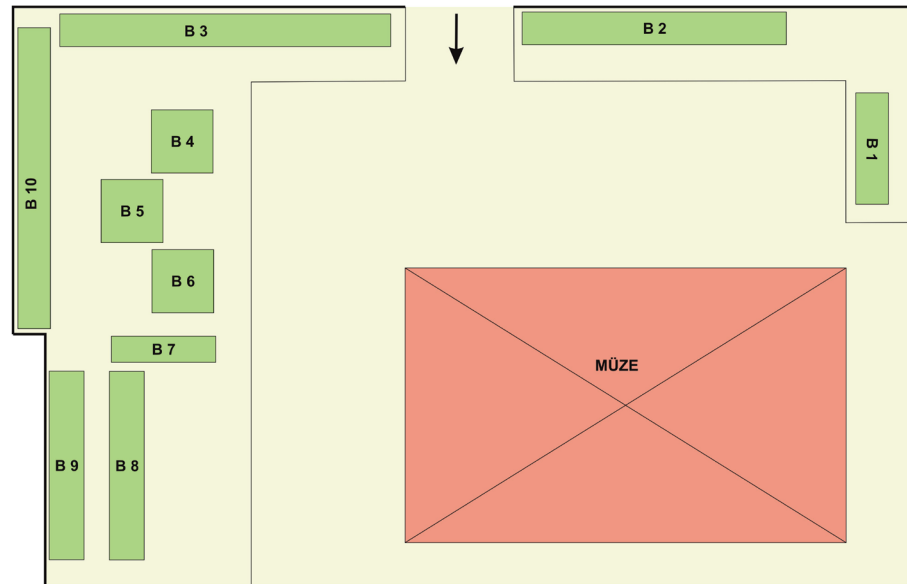


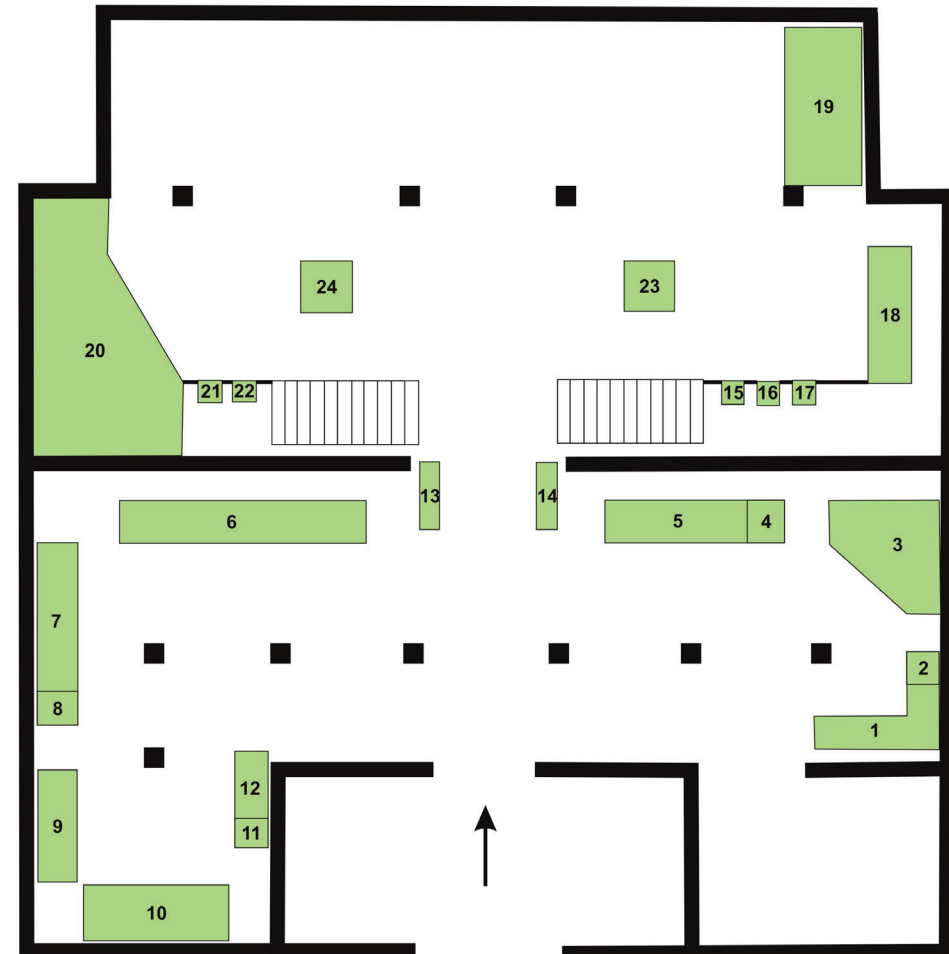
BOĞAZKÖY MUSEUM 1st FLOOR EXHIBITION PLAN



BOĞAZKÖY MUSEUM GARDEN EXHIBITION PLAN



BOĞAZKÖY MUSEUM GROUND FLOOR EXHIBITION PLAN



Visiting Hours

April 1 - October 1

Opening Time: 10:00
Closing Time: 19:00
Ticket Office Closing Time: 18.00

October 1 - April 1

Opening Time: 08:00
Closing Time: 17:00
Ticket Office Closing Time: 16:30

Open everyday.

Address: Çarşı Mahallesi • Phone: 0364 452 20 06

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GENERAL DIRECTORATE FOR
CULTURAL ASSETS AND MUSEUMS



BOĞAZKÖY MUSEUM



The Boğazköy Museum is located in the district's Centrum of Bogazkale, 82 km southwest of the city of Çorum. The museum, directly to the Directorate of Çorum Museum, was opened to visitors on 12 September 1966. The museum, which was reorganized in 2011, unearthed artefacts from Hattusha, the Hittite capital, excavations are on display.

The thematic and chronological display is implemented in exhibition halls of the museum. The exhibition order, which started with Chalcolithic, Old Bronze and Assyrian trade colonies, continues with the artefacts of the Iron Age (Phrygian), Galat and Roman period and ends with the Eastern Roman period.

The Boğazköy Yerkapı Sphinx, which was returned by the Berlin museum because of the attempts of the Turkish ministry, has been exhibited in the Boğazköy Museum since 26 November 2011 along with the other Sphinx which was once in the İstanbul Directorate of Archaeological Museum. Thus, another important steps have been taken to return the rare artefacts that have been brought abroad in various ways to the land they belong to.

The state and social structure of the Hittites is depicted by panels with rich visuals and artefacts in the Hittite Hall, which is reached through passing the area where the Sphinx is located. Seal-printed findings made by Hittite stonemasons, discovered in excavations, are exhibited thematically. On the upper floor of this hall, Hittite religious, military structure and writing system, excavation finds with important artefacts, are displayed with panel information and visuals. In the museum garden, the Sphinx belongs to the Hittite period, tablets with hieroglyphic inscriptions, and Boğazköy Sphinx shaft stone and grave steles belonging to the Roman and Eastern Roman periods are exhibited.



Bull-Headed Vase Hittite Period

The vase decorated with battlements on display in the museum's Hittite Hall was found in the home of a senior military commander. This vase, belonging to the Hittite period and decorated with a bullhead, must have been used during rituals and religious ceremonies that took place during feasts. A liquid from the bull-headed stream, which symbolises the storm of God, may have been transferred into the loophole next to it and distributed from there to those who took part in a ritual. The vase must have been moved to a carrier assembly, which is thought to have been made of wood because of the weight of the vase.

